

GRANT'S STATUE TO BE UNVEILED TO-DAY.

Imposing Ceremonies to Be Held in Front of the Union League Club, Brooklyn.

Army, Navy, State, Militia and School Children Will Parade in Honor of the Event.

ORATION BY GENERAL PORTER.

A Grandson of the Dead General Will Unveil the Statue—The Grant Family, Governor Morton and Others of Prominence to Participate.

The Grant equestrian statue will be unveiled this afternoon. The magnificent bronze and granite statue stands in Grant square, in front of the Union League clubhouse, on Bedford avenue, between Dean and Bergen streets.

All the arrangements were completed last night by Colonel George R. Pierce, the grand marshal, and the gentlemen associated with him.

The statue is to be unveiled by Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., grandson of the great General and son of Colonel Frederick D. Grant, and it is expected that Mrs. Grant and every member of her immediate family will be present.

The programme fixed upon will be carried out to the letter. The procession will start from the Bedford avenue fountain at 2:30 o'clock and move up the avenue past the reviewing stand, which is in front of the Union League clubhouse.

The mounted squad of police, headed by Sergeant Hamer, will lead the way.

There will be ten companies of blue-jackets and marines from the warships in port and the Navy Yard. The United States Infantry will be represented by 300 men and several batteries of the regular artillery will take part.

Two thousand Grand Army men, marshaled by General Isaac S. Catlin, will form an important part of the column. The militia will turn out 3,000 strong. The



Equestrian Statue of General U. S. Grant.

It will be unveiled to-day by the grandson of the dead General at the Union League Club, Brooklyn. There will be a parade of soldiers, sailors, State militiamen and school children. General Porter will deliver the oration.

militia division will be composed of the Thirtieth, Fourteenth, Twenty-third and Forty-seventh regiments, the Third Battery of Artillery, Troop C of the cavalry and the Second Brigade Signal Corps.

An interesting feature of the procession will be the American Guard, from Public Schools Nos. 11, 13, 44, 78, 83, 90 and 103.

The column will be reviewed by Major-General Thomas H. Ruger, of the United States Army; Commodore Seward, of the Navy Yard; General Grant's family; Governor Morton, Mayor Wurstler, Mayor Strong and General Stewart L. Woodford.

The flag which covers the statue will be removed by General Grant's grandson, and the Third Battery will fire a salute, according to the Rev. Dr. Behrens will follow.

After the salute has been fired General Woodford, the president of the Union League Club, which paid for the statue, will present it to the city, and Mayor Wurstler will accept it. The dedicatory prayer will be offered by Bishop John P. Newman, who was a close friend of General Grant.

General Horace Porter will then begin the dedicatory oration. The exercises will close with benediction by Bishop Charles E. McDonnell.

ALLGAIER'S CASE DISMISSED.
Exonerated on the Charge of Hurling a Boy Through a Window.

The case of Elias Allgaier, a shoe dealer at No. 714 Broadway, Williamsburg, who was charged with hurling eight-year-old Edward Heistoff, of No. 28 Thornton street, through a plate glass in the door of his store a month ago, was yesterday dismissed by Justice Goetting in the Lee Avenue Police Court.

The testimony in the case was taken a month ago, and the decision reserved until yesterday by the Magistrate. Allgaier had caused the boy's arrest for having, he alleged, stolen a pair of shoes from in front of his store, and the little fellow charged him with hurling him through the window.

To Deputy Coroner Rogers, who took the boy's ante-mortem statement while he was laid to be in a critical condition from his injuries, the boy swore he had been thrown through the plate glass by Allgaier. Justice Goetting found the boy guilty of the charge of larceny and suspended sentence.

Found the Stolen Money.
Mrs. Mary Wolanski, who keeps a boarding house at No. 68 North Eighth street, Williamsburg, on Tuesday caught the arrest of Roman Schuchinsky, a boarder, whom she charged with stealing \$520 from her room, the savings of seven years. Schuchinsky denied the theft. Yesterday, while Mrs. Wolanski was cleaning the room occupied by Schuchinsky, she discovered the money concealed under the window sill.

FOUND DYING IN THE ROAD

Fisherman Robbins and a Colored Woman Were Either Hurt in a Runaway or Waylaid by Thieves.

Amityville, L. I., April 24.—Jacob Robbins, a fisherman of this place, was brought to his home to-day suffering from a fractured skull. A colored woman, who was seen driving with him yesterday, was also brought here badly hurt. It is thought that both will die.

The couple were found unconscious by the roadside near Roslyn, last night, by a brother of Arthur Mayhew, who is accused of the murder of Stephen Powell, of Hempstead. Just how the couple were hurt is not known. They have been unconscious ever since they were found. Some people think they were waylaid and robbed, while others say the couple were hurt in a runaway. The wagon in which they were driving has been found badly wrecked near Roslyn.

The couple left here early yesterday morning for Roslyn. They were seen driving toward that town early in the evening. They were both sober.

Late last night the horse walked into Roslyn with the badly wrecked wagon at its heels. About an hour later Mayhew entered Roslyn and reported the finding of the couple.

Physicians were hastily sent to the place and Robbins and the woman were brought into town. The doctors found that Robbins was suffering from a fracture of the skull, at the base of the brain. His shoulder was also hurt. The woman's skull was also fractured, and there was a deep cut in her scalp.

DECLINE OF THE MENHADEN.

The Fishing Industry on Long Island Likely to Be Abandoned.

Greenport, L. I., April 24.—The members of the Menhaden Fisheries Association have decided not to begin work at their factories at Promised Land, L. I., any earlier than July, which will be two months later than formerly, and they are still in doubt whether to begin at all.

This is due to the fact that there has been little sale for menhaden fertilizer or oil, and several of the firms have been unable to dispose of last year's stock. Farmers at this vicinity, who have been in the habit of buying large quantities of Menhaden fertilizer, have been unable to purchase.



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Mr. Frost Was Not Arrested.
Daniel L. Frost, 24, of Edward Frost, the proprietor of the bicyclists' resort here, denies that he was arrested for violating the Raffles law last Sunday. Mr. Frost says he manages his place in strict compliance with the law.

James S. T. Stranahan's Birthday.
James S. T. Stranahan, sixty-five years old, 1808, and he will be eighty-eight years old to-day. He is not very strong, so there will be no formal observance of the anniversary. He has been an invalid since February, 1895.

MICHELL'S POLITICAL FENCES TORN DOWN.

Humiliated by the Rejection of His Appointments by Commissioner Lyman.

Said to Be a Complete Triumph for the Worth-Buttling Faction in Brooklyn.

MAYOR WURSTLER DISAPPOINTED.

All the Appointees Are Anti-Administration Men—Intimated That Colonel Michell May Find It Necessary to Resign.

Colonel Henry W. Michell, the Deputy Excise Commissioner, reared a unique little political structure a few days ago. He used all kinds of material, an adven he had finished he stood across the way and admired it.

"By jingo!" he is reported to have said. "This is a good piece of work, and I guess it will please everybody, even if I do say it myself."

He was referring to the staff of men he had selected to assist him in looking after Brooklyn's excise interests. When Colonel Lyman, the State Commissioner of Excise, heard what his deputy had done, he lost his good temper. Then he seized his broadaxe and demolished the handsome political structure which Colonel Michell had reared and admired. While engaged in the work of demolition, Colonel Lyman, it is said, was heard to say something like this: "Who in thunder authorized anybody in Brooklyn to even suggest, much less appoint, my subordinates?"

A man who has always been very friendly to Colonel Michell is the authority for this statement.

Colonel Lyman's action in cancelling Colonel Michell's four appointments and selecting men after his own heart, is regarded as a great triumph for the Worth-Buttling element, and consequently a terrible setback for the faction that regard Mayor Wurstler and Commissioner Willis as the real Republican leaders.

The Mayor had set his heart on securing a place for Oscar Knapp, a young man who has been of great service to him in a political way, and Colonel Michell selected him as auditor, but Colonel Lyman's broadaxe has upset His Honor's calculations. Mr. Knapp was dropped by Colonel Lyman and his place was given to E. S. Mellen, a brother-in-law of Lou Payn, the Republican war horse who advises doubling Legislative Thomas how to vote on certain questions. Mellen lives in Washington, and has charge of the document room of the House of Representatives.

Republican politicians were amazed when Colonel Michell announced his appointments a week ago, and they stormed Colonel Lyman with protests. "Where do we come in on this scuffle?" asked Messrs. Worth and Buttling.

Colonel Lyman put himself in communication with Mr. Worth's friends, and the result was a batch of appointments that surprised the Wurstlerites.

Hector H. Frisbie, cashier, who was backed by Governor Morton and United States Senator Stephen B. Elkins. He is said to be friendly to the anti-Wurstler element. He resides at No. 99 South Oxford street, and is employed by the Metropolitan Steamship Company.

James P. Connell, assistant cashier, is one of the Worth leaders in the New Utrecht Ward. He is a member of the County Committee.

John M. Ward, counsel, is chief clerk in the Comptroller's Office. He is George W. Palmer's second lieutenant and a Worth man.

E. S. Mellen, auditor, is credited to the Twenty-first Ward and Lou Payn. The special agents, who will receive \$1,200 a year, are:

George Buttling, Fifth Ward, brother of Sheriff Buttling.

Mathew M. White, Seventh Ward, Worth man, backed by James M. Fuller, the brewer.

Henry A. Hanbury, father of Harry A. Hanbury, a Worth leader in the Eighth Ward.

Andrew H. Frank, a Worth leader in the Sixteenth Ward and State Committee man.

William H. Harrison, said to be a Worth man.

John Worth, of the Twenty-fifth Ward, a Republican hustler and County Committeeman, and relative of Jacob Worth.

George Senn, Worth lieutenant in the Twenty-eighth Ward.

Colonel Michell has been placed in a humiliating position by Colonel Lyman's action. It is believed that his usefulness has been lessened by the appointment. It has been intimated that Michell might find it incumbent upon himself to resign as a protest, but he is not in a position to give up a snug office. He is a poor man, although he has been in politics nearly thirty years. He says Colonel Lyman had to do what he has done for the sake of harmony.

TESTIMONY NOT BELIEVED.

Judge Osborne Refused to Grant Mrs. Howe a Divorce on the Evidence.

Mrs. Eva McKenzie Howe has failed in her efforts to secure divorce from William H. Howe. The case was tried before Justice Osborne in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, but his Honor declared the testimony of her witnesses unworthy of credence.

Mrs. Howe, who is a sister of Assistant Corporation Counsel McKim, is a very attractive woman. She simply testified as to her marriage, and then gave way to her father. His evidence was brief, but to the point. He declared that he discovered his son-in-law in the company of a young woman named Maudie Murphy.

The young woman, who was in court, testified to the witness chair. She admitted that she had promised Mrs. Howe that she would be a witness against Howe. "I will not grant a divorce on this evidence," said Justice Osborne sharply. "It is unworthy of belief."

Mrs. Howe's counsel, James Taylor, was allowed two days to secure additional evidence.

Lived in Williamsburg Fifty Years.
Robert Gershinsky, sixty-five years old, died suddenly yesterday at his home, No. 13 Ainslie street, Williamsburg. Gershinsky was a member of the Exempt Firemen's Association and lived in Williamsburg for fifty years.

James S. T. Stranahan's Birthday.
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A CONVICT CHOR TO BE ORGANIZED.

Commissioner Burtis Has a Scheme for the Kings County Penitentiary.

Believes There is Excellent Musical Talent Among the One Thousand Prisoners.

SWEET SINGING BAD WESTERN MEN.

From Among the Desperadoes, and Moonshiners Mr. Burtis Expects to Select a Chorus—Only One Cornetist, but Plenty of Organists.

If the plans of Charities Commissioner Burtis meet with the success which he confidently expects they will, the convicts inmates of the Kings County Penitentiary will not be deprived of the stimulating and at the same time soothing influence of vocal and instrumental music at the Sabbath day religious services in the prison chapel.

From as long back as the oldest settler in the county the penal institution can remember, or carefully treasured records show, there has been no musical accompaniment to the services except such as was supplied by volunteers from the outside world. The zeal of these volunteers lasted long except on stormy Sundays, and on such days it sometimes happened that the chorists who came were not sufficiently numerous to make a harmony when they sang.

"By the way, I've decided on another experiment to benefit the convicts, and that is to make up an orchestra from the talented instrumentalists among them. You know there are organists, and good ones, by the score serving sentences here. My plan is to make up a string quartet and the material is there for it. There is a cornetist confined there, too; only one, but he is a No. 1 player, and he will probably lead the choir at the Sabbath services. Yes, I have heard that theatre managers declare that cornet players make more trouble for them than do all the other musicians, and it does not seem as if a record should have but one cornet player and so many organists out there in the Penitentiary."

"I am having a platform built for use as a choir enclosure in the chapel, and it will hold twenty persons. Chaplain Bass, I see, has entered a protest against the convict-choir plan. He evidently fears that the intention is to do away with the voluntary singing, but in that he is mistaken, for they will be welcome, no matter how efficient the convict choir may prove to be. This plan of encouraging the inmates of the Penitentiary to display their abilities in the musical line is not in the least chimerical. It is thoroughly practical, and, as I am quite confident, sure to be a gratifying success."

HER FREEDOM WAS BRIEF.
Mrs. Ford Sought in Vain to Escape from the House of the Good Shepherd.

Mrs. Annie Ford, the young wife of a brass finisher, living in Greenport, was committed to the House of the Good Shepherd in January last, and, after a brief stay, she was released. She had been in the institution for a few days, and she was released. She had been in the institution for a few days, and she was released.

After Mrs. Ford's departure word was sent to the police and a policeman was dispatched to St. Mark's place, where she was confined until yesterday morning. She left the institution, telling the sisters that she was going home to her mother. It was not known at the hospital that the patient was a prisoner, and no attempt was made to detain her.

After Mrs. Ford's departure word was sent to the police and a policeman was dispatched to St. Mark's place, where she was confined until yesterday morning. She left the institution, telling the sisters that she was going home to her mother. It was not known at the hospital that the patient was a prisoner, and no attempt was made to detain her.

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Another Defeat for Wurstler.

Albany, April 24.—If the bridge over Newtown Creek is ever built, it will not by the City Works Commissioner. In the Senate this afternoon, in spite of the vigorous opposition of Senator Wray, an amendment was made to the bill giving the work into the hands of the Board of Aldermen. This was done on the motion of Senator Wrennan, who believes with the Board that it inherited the powers of the Supervisors when the latter were abolished. It is another defeat for the administration.

There now appears to be a hard fight ahead of the Charities Commission bill. It went through the Assembly without a far. Leader O'Grady stated that there would be no trouble about it in the Senate. But to the surprise of everybody Dr. Brush has demanded an amendment. He says that the commitment of children should be in the hands of the Magistrates instead of the Commissioner created by the bill. Senator McClellan is also understood to want an amendment, but its exact nature is not stated. The opposition of Dr. Brush is likely to be a very serious thing.

If the bill is delayed it will fall to pass, and the same fate seems to await it if it should be amended so as to have to go back to the Assembly. Altogether, the situation is desperate, and the prospect of losing the big patronage of the department has driven the Republican leaders wild.

Assemblyman McKee has succeeded in "hanging up" in committee Senator Brush's bill providing for the reorganization of the Inebriates' Home. On looking into the matter he found that although the introducer had said there was no politics in the bill, the proposed Board of Trustees contained the names of the Mayor, an Alderman and a ward leader. The Alderman was Keegan, and the ward leader is "Dan" Ryan, of the Eighth Ward. Mr. McKee now asserts that the petition that was said to have been signed by every physician in Brooklyn in favor of the bill was actually written in the same identical hand from the start to the finish, including the signature.

It is stated to-day that the bill to double the salary of President Clark, of the Board of Aldermen, had been refused a report by the Cities Committee of the Senate. The opponents of the measure are evidently losing no time in trying to make good their threat that the measure would never be heard from favorably again after it left the Assembly.

Baskets of flowers were sent by the Consolidation League to-day to Mr. Ebbetts, Mr. Austin, Leader O'Grady and Speaker Fish, in recognition of their labors to pass the Greater New York bill.

Senator Coffey's bill for the improvement of Gravesend avenue was passed to-day and will be hurried through the Assembly. It compels the Culver road to remove all obstructions to the thoroughfare and to make the trucks conform to the grade on the street. As passed the bill had the mandatory provision stricken out, and the responsibility is now left with the city authorities. The Senate also passed Mr. Wilson's bill to keep railroads of Chatham avenue. Mr. Forrester's bill making one of the clerks in the Auditor's office a special deputy, and also his bill providing for the appointment of three commissioners of records.

Among the bills passed by the Assembly was Mr. Hughes's providing for the payment to Justices Murphy and Patterson of the four months' salary they lost by the Constitutional limitation of their respective terms of office. Mr. Audett's bill for the improvement of Wallabout market lands, and Mr. Wilson's prohibiting railroad building on Ross street were also passed.

SAYS HARADA WAS CRUEL.

Pretty Japanese Woman Brings Suit Against Her Husband for \$5,000 Damages.

Mrs. Mina Harada, a young and attractive Japanese woman, has brought an action through her lawyer, John J. A. Rogers, of Brooklyn, against her husband, Teinaku Harada, in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, to receive \$5,000 damages, alleging brutal treatment. Harada is the manager for the American house of Horokaki & Co., wealthy importers of silk, at No. 51 Greene street, New York, and a member of the principal establishment in Tokyo, Japan.

Harada was educated at the expense of the Japanese Government, and eight months ago was sent to this country to manage the New York house. Shortly after his arrival he induced his wife to come to America. When she arrived they went to live in a fashionable boarding house in Lexington avenue. There they remained for some time, when Harada changed his residence to the Hotel Castleton, Staten Island, and later went to Bay Ridge, and finally to the Pierpont House, in Montague street, Brooklyn.

It is alleged that Harada made these changes in order to get his wife away from his friends, because his associates were unkind to her. In consequence his wife was a burden to him. On this account he endeavored to induce her to return to her native country, but she refused. He often returned her to the House of the Good Shepherd.

The alleged cruelty resulted in Mr. Harada leaving her husband, and she brought suit for separation. As she had no proof with her in this country of her marriage, the action was brought as a declaration of nullity. This action was finally continued and the present suit brought for damages, with a view at the same time of proving the marriage.

The defendant has entered a general denial of the alleged brutality.

THE BEER WAS BLOTTED OUT.
New Jersey's African M. E. Conference Expunges All Reference to It.

Newark, April 24.—At the session of the New Jersey Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church to-day a reference to beer in an address made by the Rev. Mr. Gould was expunged. Mr. Gould said that if less money was spent for beer and tobacco more would be given for missionary work.

Bishop Tamm was so angry because a declaration failed to pass in the examination for third year studies that he said he would "refer his name to the Committee on Ministerial Inquiries." Changes were made in districts as follows: Round Brook and Metuchen, in the First District, were made a circuit, and Philadelphia a station, and in the Second District Skillman and Stroudsburg were made a circuit; in the Third District Vineland and Franklinville, Port Elizabeth, Chisholm and Cold Harbor, and Cape May Point and Haddonfield were formed into circuits, and Haddonfield was made a station.